

EDITED AND PUBLISHED BY
S. I. M. MAJOR.

Office in the same building with the State Printer,
opposite the Court-house, St. Clair Street, Frank-
fort, Ky.

TERMS.

One copy during the session of the Legislature
(60 days)..... \$2 00
One copy one month..... 1 00
Liberal terms to Clubs.

ADVERTISING.

One square, 10 lines nonpareil or less, 1 inser-
tion..... \$1 00
25 cents for each subsequent insertion.
One square during Session of Legislature..... 5 00
Liberal contracts can be made for larger
advertisements to be inserted more than once.

MONDAY..... DECEMBER 4, 1865.

Our long connection with a newspaper
saves us from the vanity, so often indulged by
young editors, in a labored salutation, generally
loud and noisy, signifying nothing. And our
equally long experience as a politician warns
us of the danger of promises. We revive the
YEOMAN this morning from a long sleep. In
parting with it more than two years ago we
indulged (the 22d May, 1863) in the follow-
ing explanations:

We regret to have to announce in this issue
to our patrons, and to the many of our old
readers of the YEOMAN for twenty odd years—the
suspension of our paper during the present
unsettled condition of affairs in the country.
Recent military orders and political complications
render the publication of a newspaper differing
in views with the party in power not only unprofit-
able, but in some degree liable to suspicion and
danger. During these troubled times we have
conducted our paper so as neither to infringe
upon the laws of the country and the military
regulations of the day, nor to outrage the pre-
vailing sentiment in this locality; and this is a
source of gratification, as we come voluntarily to
suspend its publication after an editorial connec-
tion with it for the best ten years of our life.

It is with unfeigned regret that we discontinue
our literary intercourse with so many old personal
and political friends. But they will appreciate
our motive, when we assure them that in our
opinion the paper can do no good at this time,
and when, outside of the surrounding political
difficulties, it has suffered from the disengage-
ment of mail facilities in the parts of the State where
it had most patronage to such an extent as to
cause its publication to become a heavy pecuniary
burden. * * * We trust, however, that the
time is not far distant when, by an honorable
pacification of the country, the YEOMAN may
come forth again as a trusted exponent of the
true and undying principles of the old Democracy.

Till that time, we bid our readers, one and all, a
hearty good-bye, and we most cheerfully renounce
all connection with politics during the continu-
ance of this civil war.

The palpable necessity of an organ at the
seat of government in this State devoted to
the interests of the party of conservatism, the
closing of the war and the abrogation of
martial law, combined with the urgent solici-
tations of partial friends, who claimed our
humble ability and experience for the cause
to which we were devoted, induced us to be-
lieve that the time had come to fulfill the
promise made in our parting address to our
readers. Accordingly we revive the YEOMAN
in a daily form this morning. We will con-
tinue it as long as our means and the public
demand for it seem to justify its publication.
We trust that its life may be a long one, and
we call upon our friends to verify our hopes
by the necessary aid and comfort.

During the war, without taking an active
part in politics, we have quietly voted with
the conservative party, when we did vote. In
reviving our paper alike at the instance of
Democratic and conservative Union friends,
we felt inclined to start it as a conservative
paper and nothing else. But in thinking that,
as yet, the young but magnificent political
organization known as the conservative party
of Kentucky, had never met in general con-
vention and proclaimed a thorough uniform
set of principles which could serve as an in-
fallible guide to an editor, we concluded to at-
tempt no changes, to stick to what we best
understood, and not to try to have an old dog
taught new tricks. We thought, too, that
the old National Democracy, though beaten
and crushed under the mailed hand of an im-
perial Federalism, was not altogether dead,
but that there was amongst the rubbish of
questions of the hour, dead with the ideas
that gave birth to them, a noble spark of vi-
tality from the master minds of Jefferson and
Hamilton—we mean the grand and immortal
doctrine of States Rights—which would yet,
if anything could, save us from the surging
tides of centralism and despotism.

We wish it understood, however, that this
paper is, for the present, in the interest of
the conservative party. As a Democrat we
promise it all the support we can bring to
bear—so long as it pursues the course chalked
out in the August election. As a party it is
composed of the best elements of all the old
parties, and has a useful future unless its
strength should be frittered away in mis-
erable inside quarrels, originating in old politi-
cal prejudices. We shall frequently have
occasion hereafter to make suggestions touch-
ing its permanent organization. For the
present we say no more of our political atti-
tude.

As to our probabilities of success in a busi-
ness point of view, we have only to say that
the merchants and business men of Frank-
fort, without regard to politics, all upon whom
we have called so far, have shown a generous
disposition to help the establishment of another
paper here. We have not made a call as
yet for subscribers, and pressing engagements
may prevent us from giving our personal at-
tention to this very important point. Let us
hear from our friends at the earliest moment.
Our terms can be found at the head of our
paper.

The indications Saturday evening were
that there would be full Houses in both
branches of the Legislature this morning.
Quite a number of the members had already
arrived, and numerous aspirants for office and
visitors thronged the public rooms of the ho-
tels. Appearances indicate a lively session
and a gay season for Frankfort. Well—we
can afford to be merry in these "fading times."

Our long connection with a newspaper
saves us from the vanity, so often indulged by
young editors, in a labored salutation, generally
loud and noisy, signifying nothing. And our
equally long experience as a politician warns
us of the danger of promises. We revive the
YEOMAN this morning from a long sleep. In
parting with it more than two years ago we
indulged (the 22d May, 1863) in the follow-
ing explanations:

ANDREW JOHNSON.

Heretofore the policy of the present Chief
Magistrate has been such as not to meet with
determined opposition from either the Demo-
cratic or Republican party. He has, in fact,
so managed as to receive the commendations
of both.

True, when he first announced his re-
construction policy, as it is termed, the radical
wing of the Republican party bristled up and
made a strong effort to bully the President;
but it was soon found that Johnson was made
of stuff too stern to be deterred by the threats
or denunciations of the New England Dis-
tructives. Notwithstanding all their denun-
ciations, they have generally, in their con-
ventions, been compelled to indorse the measures
which many of their leaders had but a short
time before condemned.

The Republican party know perfectly well
that unless they are sustained by the power
and patronage of the Federal Government, they
must go under. When they look back upon
a career of bloodshed, ruin, and destruction,
upon a broken constitution of government,
and a public debt absolutely appalling, all
every whit of which being the legitimate re-
sult of their corruption, treason to the govern-
ment, and greed for plunder, they may well
tremble when they see the great machine by
which they were enabled, within less than
four years, to overthrow the liberties of this
nation, about to pass out of their hands.
They must retain power by some means or
other, and to retain power they must have the
patronage of the President. When it was
found, therefore, that the President could not
be driven, as they had been in the habit of
driving his predecessor, Mr. Lincoln, by thun-
dering denunciations, they adopted the plan
of indorsing the President by ambiguous res-
olutions, which served the double purpose, for
the time, to deceive the people, and yet to
avoid an open rupture with the President. By
these means they have succeeded in carrying
the elections in several of the most important
States. They have conducted the whole mat-
ter with consummate skill. They have so man-
aged as to secure the powerful aid of President
Johnson himself, so as to consolidate their
strength, which strength they intend to em-
ploy in overthrowing his cherished policy of
restoring the Union with a full recognition of
the equality of the States.

The Democratic party, believing that they
could see in the policy of Mr. Johnson an
evident determination to bring back the Fed-
eral Government, as fast as it was practicable
under all the difficulties surrounding him, to its
proper and legitimate position, and knowing
that in years past he was himself a Democrat
of the Jackson school, came forward promptly
with words of encouragement, and pledging
him their cordial support in every effort
to restore the constitution of their fathers
and the liberties of the people.

Thus the matter now stands. But it is
impossible to remain in this position for a
great length of time. The forthcoming mes-
sage of the President must, in a short time,
determine whether the country is to be hand-
led over for another four years to the worst
party that ever afflicted a country upon
earth, or whether the Union is to be consoli-
dated upon its ancient basis, the rights of the
States restored, and the people again protected
in their liberties, rights of person and of
property.

No man since the days of Washington has
had it in his power to embalm his memory in
the affections of the present and of genera-
tions yet to come more thoroughly than An-
drew Johnson. It is for him to decide wheth-
er this country shall enjoy hereafter constitu-
tional liberty, or groan under the iron hand of
a military despotism, controlled by a reckless,
corrupt, and fanatical party, probably for
many years to come.

We pledge to the President our earnest
support in all his efforts to re-establish the
constitution and the union of the States under
it, a union of which the constitution is the
cement and the bond.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.—At
the request of a number of friends, we publish
on another page an extract from a speech of
GEORGE W. CRADDOCK, Esq., made in Frank-
fort during the late State canvass. A portion
of the same, covering the speaker's view of the
President and his policy in reconstructing the
insurrectionary States, was published in the
Frankfort Commonwealth some time since.

It will be seen that the extract we present is
devoted exclusively to a discussion of the
question of the proposed Constitutional Amend-
ment from the stand-point presented previous
to the August election. It is unnecessary to
say that it was deemed one of the ablest ar-
guments of the day; and even now, despite
the results of the late elections, the action of
several of the Southern States in convention,
and "the hand-writing on the wall," it will be
found replete with interest. In one point
only do we differ with the speaker—an im-
material point, perhaps, and one conceded
for the sake of argument—the right of the gov-
ernment to take the negro as a soldier. But
this does not impair the strength of the argu-
ment, and we bespeak for the extract an at-
tentive reading. The question has not lost its
interest. It was the bond of union between the
political elements composing the Conservative
party of this State. It may yet prove poten-
tial in holding the Conservatives of the Legis-
lature in the solid phalanx so necessary at
this moment to save the honor and preserve
the highest interests of the State. We say to
our Conservative friends, listen not to the
argument of necessity, so constantly plied by
the so-called Radicals to induce us to forget
the position upon which mainly depended the
glorious result of August. It would be better,
perhaps, to treat the action of the last Legis-
lature upon this question as a finality, as Mr.
Cradock suggests; but it seems dangerous to
make concessions to the friends of the Federal
Administration upon this delicate question.

If nine-tenths of the State should adopt the
Amendment; if it is certain—and we believe
it is—that it will be adopted, still our opinion
of its merits is not altered. If it was right to
oppose it heretofore, it is equally proper to
give it no countenance now. If we cannot
save the life of the old Constitution, we need
not rush forward to participate in its assassi-
nation. If we cannot uphold the grand old
principle—which was not only a political the-
ory, but also the law—the right of the States
to self-government in their local and municipal
affairs, we can at least, when it is foully
stricken down, stand aside and wipe the dust
from our shoes.

WAR WITH FRANCE.

Much has been said and written recently
in regard to the prospects of a war with
France, growing out of the Mexican question.
We do not believe there will be war between
this country and France, nor between this
country and England, at least for years to come.
We do not doubt that there exists with many
prominent army officers of the United States
a great desire and a settled purpose to bring
on a war with France. Gen. Grant is reported
to have politically declared in New York,
and more recently in Richmond, that it was
the duty of this Government to remove Maxi-
milian from Mexico. We are inclined to think
that a majority of the officers of the army, as
also the soldiers, are of the same opinion.
We concede, moreover, that the proximity of
our troops upon the Rio Grande with those
of the French, and being spectators of the
daily collisions between the troops of Maxi-
milian and Juarez, and sympathizing strongly
with the cause of the latter, are circumstan-
ces very well calculated to bring on a collision
between this Government and France. And
it must be further admitted, that there are in-
fluential men in the city of New York, and
other places in this country, deeply interested
in a pecuniary point of view in bringing on
a war between the two countries, and to all
which is to be added, a deep-seated feeling
with many people in this country in favor of
what is known as the Monroe doctrine.

Nevertheless, we predict that there will not, for
some years to come, be a war between the United
States and Mexico, France, or England. The
great people of this country have but
little to do with the direction of the policy of
this nation. The governing classes are but
few comparatively, especially since the acces-
sion to power of the Republican party; and
they are to be found principally in New En-
gland. That party is controlled by a few
prominent leading men, and having possession
of the Government, what these men in secret
conclave determine upon is done, even if it
requires bayonets to accomplish it. True,
they have not as yet set aside the forms of
law in the matter of elections; but they
have not hesitated, wherever and whenever
deemed necessary, to interpose military force
to carry their point at the polls. The people
think that this is their Government. These
party leaders will graciously concede to them
the privilege of claiming the Government as
theirs, just as a good-natured father will per-
mit his minor children to claim different ar-
ticles of property or animals on his farm. The
simple child is satisfied with being permitted
to claim, and when in the course of events
the good parent finds it necessary to sell a
horse or a cow thus claimed the child cries,
perhaps, but is soon satisfied by the substitution
of some other animal, or other article of
property, in its place.

The time was in this country when the
wishes of the people were scrupulously obeyed
by their public servants. There is no such
thing now as public servants. Public masters
are many. The people are the servants.
They belong, soul and body, to the Republican
leaders and to the speculators who have grown
rich by the war. These say there shall be no
war with France, nor with England. Mr. Sew-
ard knows this, and he is as true in his al-
legiance to them as the needle to the pole.
Besides, it is perfectly evident that Mr. Sew-
ard has come under obligations to Napoleon
and to the Government of England, in consid-
eration of their abstaining from any active
interference in behalf of the Confederates, which
he cannot now conveniently throw off.

He has managed the matter with consum-
mate adroitness. He made the Irish believe,
that if they would help to put down the rebel-
lion the Government of the United States would
at once espouse their quarrel with England.
The Fenians are now claiming their part of
the bond; but their claim is ignored, and they,
it is said, have been sold out hook and line to
England. We have no comments to make
upon the justice or the moral of the quarrel
which is brewing between the President's
Premier and the Fenians. We watch its de-
velopment and progress, and will keep our
readers advised.

We again repeat, however, that there will
be no war with England nor with France—
none certainly so long as the Republicans
retain power. They have made a good thing
out of our civil war, and a majority of them
are willing to let well enough alone. There
is yet a vast amount of good pickings in the
South. The military occupation of the country,
the Freedmen's Bureau, and the nigger ques-
tion generally, will afford ample and profitable
employment for a large portion of the Yankee
nation for years to come, especially if they
can defeat President Johnson's scheme of re-
construction. In the meantime, Gen. Grant
and the other belligerents will be permitted to
go on with their war speeches, and the tele-
graph will continue to communicate exciting
rumors to the dear people. The disappoint-
ment would be too great for the authorities to
say at once that there shall be no more wars.
It would operate like a shower-bath of cold
water upon the thousands of our patriotic citi-
zens who stand ready to gird on the sword
and shoulder the musket and pitch into Maxi-
milian like a red-hot thunderbolt.

We advise all such to lay down martial in-
struments and "take up the shovel and the
hoe," for there is no more work of a warlike

character to be done. The practical and the
inevitable issues for the consideration of the
people at large, and in which they are more
immediately interested, are hard work and
taxes.

POLITICAL PARTIES IN KENTUCKY.

The war has somewhat disturbed political
parties in this State. We now have, giving
to each the name of its own adoption, the
Union, the *Conservative*, and the *Democratic*
parties. Although some inroads have been
made since the commencement of the war, in
some portions of the State, upon the Demo-
cratic party, yet it has, during the whole con-
flict, amidst persecution, misrepresentation,
and slander, maintained its old organization,
and is now ready to enter the arena full of
vigor—reassured of the correctness of the
principles upon which it was originally estab-
lished. We do not mean to be understood as
asserting that all the temporary issues which
the party has advocated during its existence,
starting, as it did, with the Government
itself, have been correct. It would be passing
strange indeed, if, in the course of seventy
odd years, in a country developing as rapidly
as ours, with new issues and questions con-
stantly arising, that the Democratic party
should at all times have taken correct views
of every question and every measure which
have transpired during the time. Many of
the issues which in former times separated it
from its old antagonist, the Whig party, were
necessarily temporary, and have passed from
the field of politics, perhaps forever. The
Whig party was a national party. It was a
noble party in its day and generation, and,
until it was disbanded by its great leader,
Mr. Clay, it occupied high national ground,
battling like a giant for its policy and prin-
ciples. It occasionally won the prize from its
old competitor, the Democratic party. The
country was always safe under its guidance.
Patriots and statesmen directed and controlled
its actions and moulded its policy.

The foundations of the great Democratic
party were laid by Jefferson and Madison,
and those who acted with them upon solid
ground. The rights of the States, strict con-
struction of the Federal Constitution, and
perfect freedom of speech and of the press,
constituted leading elements in its organiza-
tion. The old Federal party, headed by John
Adams, Alexander Hamilton, and others, was
its early adversary. They entered the field
of politics contemporaneously, immediately
upon the adoption of the Constitution of the
United States. They represented entirely
different schools of the theory of government.
This was made manifest particularly in the
convention assembled to revise the old Articles
of Confederation, but which resulted in the
adoption of our present Constitution of the
United States, saving the amendments sub-
sequently made.

The elements of the two parties, which
were afterwards consolidated under the re-
spective names of Democratic and Federal,
were clearly to be observed in that conven-
tion.

Hamilton, the acknowledged leader of the
Federalists, was in favor of a government
monarchical in form and in substance; and
although all of his party were not willing to
go as far as he did, yet they were all for what
they termed a *strong Federal Government*.
Madison, Luther Martin, and others, repre-
sented in that convention those ideas and
principles which afterwards constituted the
soul of the Democratic party.

We do not now propose to enter into any-
thing like an elaborate examination of the
principles of two antagonistic theories respec-
tively represented, at this early period of our
political history, by the two parties referred
to. Our chief object is to show, in a few
words, the leading principles upon which the
Democratic party was originally founded.
With the exception of the elder Adams, the
Government of the United States has been
administered by Democrats, upon the theory
and principles of the party, from the first
establishment of the Government until the
election of John Q. Adams. In the mean-
time, the Federal party, in organized form,
disappeared from the arena of politics.
Since the days of John Q. Adams, except at
short intervals, the Democratic party have
continued to administer the Government,
until the election of Mr. Lincoln. With
what fidelity they have managed the affairs
of this great nation let history speak. No
country ever prospered; none has ever grown
in population, in wealth, in power and great-
ness, as has the United States. No wars,
except foreign wars; no blood shed among
our own citizens; no bastilles to imprison po-
litical opponents; no suppression of the free-
dom of the press; no suppression of the right
of speech; no suspension of the *habeas corpus*;
no bayoneting of the polls; no robbing citi-
zens of their property; no provost marshals;
no military despots; no public debts; and no
onerous and oppressive taxes. The Govern-
ment was respected abroad and loved at
home. It protected the citizen in rights of
property, of conscience, and of person. No
military commissions to hang supposed cul-
prits, but courts of justice, with doors stand-
ing wide open, for redress of wrongs and the
punishment of crimes, according to the due
course of law.

This was the condition of the country
when the reins of Government passed into
the hands of the Republicans. We need
not, in fact we could not, in a short article, as
this is intended to be, depict the ruin brought
upon the country by the Republican party
within the short period of four years. Their
elevation to power has been the cause of all
our woes. Everybody knows it to be true.
The great question now is, shall this destruc-
tive party be permitted to remain in power;
if not, then by what party organization can
they be ousted? We say that the Demo-
cratic party is the only political organization
capable of removing these Goths and Van-
dals from power. The *Conservative* party has

no corresponding organization outside of this
State. In the northern States there are only
two parties—*Democratic and Republican*—and
which will, in the end, be the division of par-
ties in each State in the Union. Is it not the
duty of the *Conservatives* of this State at
once to enter into the Democratic organiza-
tion, and make common cause against our
country's and our own common political
enemy? The *Union* party of Kentucky, as
it is termed, is nothing more nor less than
the Southern wing of the *Republican* party.
It hopes to deceive the people by its name.
It dodges and denies, and sometimes abuses
the measures of its Northern ally. This is a
part of its scheme of deception and fraud
upon the people. The veil that covers its
deformity should be stripped off. Its rela-
tionship and alliance with the Northern ab-
olitionist should be made manifest. It has
been successful in deceiving hundreds of honest
people by the hypocritical cry of Union.
Heretofore it has prevented exposure by the
cry of *treason! treason!* and by the suppres-
sion of all criticism. The deceived are begin-
ning to open their eyes and to comprehend to
what a fearful extent they have been misled
by this party. We predict that the so-called
Union party of Kentucky will become "beauti-
fully less" as free discussion shall lay before
the people its deformity and past sins.

We would advise all those who wish
fine pictures to give Mr. Anderson a call, op-
posite the Capital Hotel. Mr. A. has just re-
turned from New York, and brings with
him all the late improvements. He will re-
main with us during the session of the Legis-
lature.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

The following proclamation has just been
issued by the President of the United States
of America:

WHEREAS, By the Proclamation of the
President of the United States, of the 15th of
December, 1863, the privilege of the writ of
habeas corpus, in certain cases therein set forth,
was suspended throughout the United States;
and,

WHEREAS, The reasons for that sus-
pension may be regarded as having ceased in
some of the States and Territories: now,
therefore,

Be it known, that I, Andrew Johnson,
President of the United States, do hereby pro-
claim and declare that the suspension aforesaid,
and all other proclamations and orders sus-
pending the privileges of the writ of
habeas corpus in the States and Territories
of the United States, are revoked and annul-
led, excepting as to the States of Virginia,
Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South
Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Missis-
sippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Texas, the
District of Columbia, and the Territories of
New Mexico and Arizona.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my
hand and caused the seal of the United States
to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this first
day of December, in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five,
and of the independence of the United States
of America the ninetieth.

[Signed] ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:

WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday morning, November 15, at the
residence of Robert W. Scott, Esq., of Franklin
county, by John S. Shouse, Mr. RICHARD F. JOHNSON,
of Woodford county, to Miss MARY J. ADKINS,
of Franklin county.

At the residence of James A. Dawson, in Frank-
fort, on Tuesday, Nov. 28th, by Rev. Geo. W. Nor-
riss, Capt. BEN. F. POMPHREY, of Washington City,
to Miss BELINDA CONNELLY, of Manfordville, Ky.

At the same time, by the same, Capt. WM. W.
Wootton, of Knoxville, Tennessee, to Miss ELLA
T. CONNELLY, of Frankfort, Ky.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LEAVITT & BEVIS,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS

OF
Hosiery, Gloves, Underclothing.

AND
Fancy Worsteds of Every Description.
Hoop Skirts, Corsets, &c.

BUYERS WILL FIND IN OUR STOCK MANY
choice makes of the above goods, not to be found
elsewhere.

LEAVITT & BEVIS,
Northwest Cor., 5th and Vine Sts.,
CINCINNATI, O.

PIANO.
(Soft and Loud.)

Never was this beautiful expression more
properly applied to an instrument than to
Kraushaar & Co.'s Piano.

The attributes, piano and forte, most beau-
tifully harmonize with their nature, for they
are both soft and loud.
This instrument possesses the sweetest and
mellowest, and yet the most voluminous,
most powerful, and richest tone of any piano
that has yet been made, and so excels all
yes, all, in the following essentials of a per-
fect piano-forte, viz.: Elasticity and docility
of touch, sweetness and evenness of tone,
richness of power, and thorough and elegant
workmanship.

The listener, regardless of his capacity for
judging, stands buried in rapture and aston-
ishment as his *Æolian* sweetness bathes his
soul.

The pathos of him who sang
How sweetly sounds each mellow note
Beneath the moon's pale ray
When dining zephyrs rise and float,
Like lovers' sighs away.

must certainly have been inspired by a dream
of the mellifluous tone of this unsurpassed
instrument. We wonder not that this new
manufacturer should excel the old celebrated
firms, since this is an epoch of rapid progress,
and one in which "stagnation is death."
The now celebrated firms had the advan-
tage of the experience and knowledge of their
predecessors; but Kraushaar possesses the ad-
ditional advantage of profiting by their expe-
rience.

Their genius and skill elevated them to
fame and prosperity. Now, as Kraushaar stands
unrivaled, let him also enjoy the fruits of his
genius and skill, and let the heart delight to
imbibe the enchanting tones of his unrivaled
Piano.

We commend it to all, and leave it to the
instrument to sing its own eulogy.

Prof. CHARLES SCHAEFFER, Versailles, Ky.
" C. KINKEL, Shelbyville, Ky.
" AUG. SCHAEFFER, Nicholasville, Ky.
" WILLIAM MAGNUS, Lexington, Ky.
" C. P. MEYER, Lexington, Ky.
" HENRY SCHAEFFER, Nicholasville, Ky.

J. C. TOWER & CO.,

94 West 4th St., Cincinnati, O.

(OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE.)

Dealers in
HATS, CAPS, AND FURS,

Great Varieties of Style Always on Hand

AT THE
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

J. C. TOWER & CO.,
94 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, Ohio, (opposite
Post-Office.)

Family Groceries,

H. J. & B. F. SHEETS,

In the Old Bank Building, St. Clair
Street, Frankfort, Ky.

OFFER A CHOICE LOT OF FAMILY GRO-
ceries and supplies.

Queensware,

And other articles connected with the business, to
their customers and all who may give them a call, on
the best terms.

Also, in connection with their Grocery Store, the
principal

DAILY NEWSPAPERS,

PERIODICALS, MAGAZINES,

AND

CHEAP NOVELS,

Kept constantly for sale. dec4 if

U. P. JAMES,

PUBLISHER AND BOOKSELLER,

No. 167 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, O.

	Price
American Form Book & Legal Guide, bound.....	\$1 25
The Lion 24 page octavo, paper cover.....	1 25
Salathiel, by Croly, 12mo, bound.....	1 25
paper cover.....	75
Vestiges of the Natural History of Creation, bound.....	25
Butler's Hymns, bound.....	25
The Devil Upon Two Sticks, bound.....	25
Hamish Moore's Private Devotion, bound.....	25
The Language of Flowers, bound.....	25
Marriage, and Duties of the Marriage Relations, by Quilby, bound.....	25
Herbert's Meditations, bound.....	25
Paul and Virginia, bound.....	25
Popular Letter-Writer, bound.....	25
The American Letter-Writer, bound.....	25
James River Guide, Western Rivers Maps, &c., paper cover.....	25
How	

he bent their activity mainly to putting down slavery to promote the party ends.

McClellan was refused reinforcements; Buell was crippled; Rosecrans had at least thirty thousand men kept from him for fear the rebellion would be put down before slavery could be destroyed. Every thing was risked to carry out that policy, though the cry was all the while in Congress: We don't war for any purpose to interfere with the institutions of the States, only to compel obedience to the laws.

Any one who attempted to expose the designs of the Executive, was caught up and imprisoned, and there kept at the will of the Executive, with no information as to what accusations were against him, in the face of the express provision of the Constitution against such conduct.

The freedom of speech and the press was everywhere the President's military control could reach, wantonly overthrown; Legislatures broken up without waiting to see what their purposes were; assemblies of the people dispersed at the point of the bayonet; all upon a mere apprehension they might say something against the policy of the President and his party.

But the rebellion at last collapsed—was broken down from the exhaustion of those engaged in it. A fearful advance was made in the meantime in the power of the Executive. He had used the army and navy to take away the slaves of loyal as well as disloyal men. On that head there was no difference between the treatment given loyal Kentucky and disloyal Mississippi.

We had proclamations to free slaves in insurrectionary districts, and then carried out in every place. Courts were closed against all investigations of the conduct of the Executive or his military. The rights of person and property were completely under his control, as ever monarch or despot had them under his since time began.

The rebellion ending has not ended the continuation of these assumed powers. On the contrary, the acquiescence of the people only emboldens further assumptions. State constitutions must be overthrown; and as the people in the States interested, if left alone, will not do the deed, new inventions of Executive dictation and power must be sought for—all, of course, to put down the rebellion and keep it down.

To make this intention plausible, it must be admitted that the seceded States, so-called, though their ordinances and acts were void for all constitutional purposes—for all purposes recognized by courts of justice, State and National, they must be regarded out in a military point of view, so as to give the President power to reconstruct. What a word to be used by men sworn to maintain and defend the Constitution of the United States! The President, as the head of the military, disregarding the regularly established State Governments of each of the States where the people rebelled—dragging down into the ditch all the rights which belong to the loyal men of those States—where does he get the right to say to loyal or disloyal men, saint or sinner, under that Constitution he has sworn to maintain, they must and shall swear to uphold his negro policies, and make State governments conformable to his plans, before they shall be permitted to vote? That his provisional Governors shall supersede, with his prescriptions, the Constitution and laws of a State—shall order inventions to be called and new Constitutions to be made—and he may order the army and navy to aid in the work?

He does what the rebels tried to do unsuccessfully. He puts the States out when the laws don't allow them to be out; and he puts them back again in a way just as lawful.

Can any one point his finger to any passage in the Constitution which, for any purpose, confers such powers? It is sheer mockery to tell us it is to put down the rebellion. It is base hypocrisy to say that any one believes it is done for any other purpose than to totally wipe out slavery—a subject over which the President nor Congress has any right to interfere as they well admit when they ask the States to adopt the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery.

Reconstruction is usurpation, base usurpation. It violates the Constitution of the United States; it violates the rights of the people; it makes States where States already exist; it is worse than secession, which, had it succeeded, would have still recognized the rights and sovereignty of the people; but this reconstruction ignores the people's rights and assumes for the President powers he does not possess—not Congress, nor all the departments of the United States government together—powers no lover of popular rights or free government would ever give him.

This reconstruction Andrew Johnson knows is wrong; and because he is in the hands of a great fanatical party, he temporizes and carries on plans for their benefit for fear he will lose their support.

The people of the United States should be awakened to the dangers of these Presidential precedents.

Power is constantly being centered in the Executive, until he will be worse than Monarch or Emperor; for he will be but the instrument in the hands of fanatics and bad men; and with purse and sword, as he now has both, he can do whatever his party wills, or he himself may choose.

OLD KENTUCKY.

Our advertising patrons must bear with us for a few days, when we hope to have our office in perfect working trim. We shall make a better arrangement in our advertising columns, changing them from day to day, until each patron will find his card, at least once, in the most conspicuous place. The order in which the advertisements now stand is the work of the printer, for the present, consulting his own convenience in making up the paper.

TATE & HAWKINS,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES, LIQUORS
Produce and Family Supplies Generally,
Cor. Main and Ann Sts., opposite Capital Hotel,
Frankfort, Kentucky.

REFERRING TO THE ABOVE CARD WE
will at all times be prepared to exhibit, to our
friends and patrons, a well selected and assorted
stock.
It will be our constant effort to satisfy all who
may favor us with their patronage.
Terms—CASH.
TATE & HAWKINS.
deed d&wtf

CAPITAL HOTEL
Frankfort, Ky.
J. B. AKIN, Proprietor.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL HAS BEEN RE-
paired for the approaching winter season. Bar,
Billiard Room, Barber Shop, and Bathing Saloon at-
tached. The Assembly Ball Club have also made
arrangements for social entertainments for the whole
season, under their popular management.
deed d&wtf

Frankfort Assembly Ball Club.
THE OLD ASSEMBLY BALL CLUB OF
Frankfort, Ky., having been reorganized, will
give a series of FOUR BALLS at the Capital
Hotel on the following Wednesday evenings at 8
o'clock:
Wednesday, December 13, 1865.
Wednesday, December 27, 1865.
Wednesday, January 10, 1866.
Wednesday, January 24, 1866.
E. H. TAYLOR, President, deed
Geo. W. MONROE, Secretary, deed

BILLIARD SALOON.
HAVING LEASED THE BILLIARD ROOM
attached to the Capital Hotel, and thoroughly
refitted the same and furnished it with good tables,
I am prepared to accommodate all lovers of the
game, day or night.
deed d&wtf G. H. LANDO.

J. B. LEWIS,
GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE,
South Frankfort, Ky.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN STATING TO MY
friends and the public generally that I have re-
ceived the stock of Groceries, &c., formerly owned by
H. C. MITCHELL, Esq., in South Frankfort,
Ky., and have added a complete stock of everything
usually found in a
Grocery Store.
My motto is "Quick sales and small profits." I
am determined to give satisfaction to all customers.
Call and see before purchasing elsewhere.
Terms—STRICTLY CASH.
J. B. LEWIS.
deed d&wtf

RESTAURANT.
FRANKLIN HOUSE,
BY JOHN W. RUPE & CO.

HAVING LEASED THIS
well-known stand, on the cor-
ner of Main street diagonally
across from the Capital Hotel, we shall keep a
First-Class Eating House,
where our friends can have all the Game and
other delicacies of the season served up
in the best style, DAY AND NIGHT.
OUR BAR
will be stocked constantly with the choicest of
Liquors and Cigars. deed d&wtf

Powell's Restaurant,
OPPOSITE THE CAPITAL HOTEL,
Frankfort, Ky.

THE SUBSCRIBER WILL
keep an Eating-House and
Restaurant this winter at his
stand opposite the Capital Hotel, where will be
served up Oysters, Fish, Game, and all the other
delicacies of the season.
He will furnish Whisky, Wine, and Ale by the
bottle, and keep the best cigars and tobacco.
In connection with his Eating-House, he keeps
A RIFLE SHOOTING GALLERY,
where amateurs can amuse themselves at any time.
He solicits a share of the public patronage, and
for the character of his house to the friends and
patrons of Powell's Old Restaurant.
deed d&wtf H. R. POWELL.

Livery and Sale Stable.
JNO. L. NEAL.....EPL. JENKINS.

NEAL & JENKINS
HAVING PURCHASED THE WELL-KNOWN
and popular stable of Graham's Stable, on Ann
Street, opposite the Capital Hotel, we are prepared
to serve the public with Coaches, Wagons, Buggies,
Riding-horses, and all other things pertaining to our
business, day or night.
We are prepared also to break Horses to the
Saddle or Harness, and solicit this patronage.
deed d&wtf

New Livery Stable.
S. M. NOEL.....ROBT. CHURCH.

NOEL & CHURCH.
HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST OF S.
I. M. Major in the new and commodious stables
of S. M. Noel & Co., on Main Street, the undersig-
ned have entered into partnership and are prepared
to serve the public with Coaches, Buggies, Wagons,
Sleighs, Riding-horses, and everything pertaining to
the Livery business.
Our drivers are experienced, our vehicles in ex-
cellent order, and our stock equal to any Stable in
the West. We solicit a share of the public patronage,
being ready day or night to wait on customers.
deed d&wtf NOEL & CHURCH.

SILAS KERSEY,
DEALER IN
SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, &c., &c.,
Main Street, next door to Noel's Stable.

ALL KINDS OF SADDLES, BRIDLES, AND
HARNESS kept on hand, or made to order, in the
best style. Repairing done on the shortest notice.
The work is equal to any in the country.
Whips, Spurs, Blankets, Curbs-combs, Brushes,
Hardware, and goods pertaining to the business,
constantly on hand.
deed d&wtf

GRAY & SAFFELL,
DEALERS IN
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.,
MAIN ST., FRANKFORT, KY.

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND ALL
kinds of goods usually kept in a first-class
Dry Goods House. We are constantly adding season-
able goods, and our customers will find our stock
complete.
We invite the special attention of the ladies to
our full and well selected stock of
CLOAKS,
Which we are offering at
LOWER FIGURES THAN EVER.
Call and see them for yourself.
FURS!! FURS!! FURS!!
We call the attention of the citizens of Frankfort
and vicinity to our stock of
FURS.
We have a full and complete assortment from the
highest to the lowest grades, which we will sell
cheaper than any house in the West.
Call and see them and you will be satisfied.
deed d&wtf GRAY & SAFFELL.

SOUTH FRANKFORT MALE SCHOOL.
JAMES G. CROCKETT
HAS OPENED, IN B. B. SAYRE'S SCHOOL
room in South Frankfort, a School of English,
the Ancient Classics, and the Mathematics. The
Session began on Monday (11th) of
September, 1865, to continue for 40 weeks from that
time.
Tuition per session of 40 weeks.....\$50 00
Pupils entering after commencement of the Ses-
sion will be charged from the date of entrance to
the close of the session.
No deduction, except in cases of protracted illness,
unless otherwise specially agreed. deed d&wtf

GRAY & TODD,
MAIN ST., FRANKFORT, KY.,
Dealers in
FINE GROCERIES,
PURE OLD WHISKY,
BRANDIES, WINE, GIN, VINEGAR, &c., &c.
CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, PRESERVES,
FRUITS, PICKLES, TOYS,
CONFECTIONERIES.
deed d&wtf

SUGARS, COFFEES, & TEAS.
CRUSHED, POWDERED, AND GRANULATED
Sugars, New Orleans, Porto Rico, and Crushed
Sugars.
Choice Rio, Java, and Laguayra Coffee. Gunpow-
der, Young Hyson, and Oolong Tea.
deed d&wtf GRAY & TODD.

SUNDRIES.
CHOCOLATE, MOLASSES, AND SYRUPS,
Mackerel, in barrels, half barrels, quarter bar-
rels, and kits, White Fish, Potomac Koe Herring,
Scotch Herring, Sardines, Fresh Salmon and Mack-
erel in Cans, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap of va-
rious kinds: Pine Apple, Dutch, Hamburg, English
Dairy, and New York Cream Cheese; Tobacco, and
Cigars of various brands, and all articles usually
kept in a first-class Family Grocery Establishment,
on hand and for sale by
deed d&wtf GRAY & TODD.

FRESH OYSTERS!
WE ARE REGULARLY IN RECEIPT OF C. S.
Malby's celebrated
Pearl Oysters,
Which we will sell low by the can and half can.
deed d&wtf GRAY & TODD.

FINE LIQUORS!!
The best quality and favorite brands of
OLD WHISKY,
WINES AND BRANDIES.
For sale by deed d&wtf GRAY & TODD.

CONFECTIONERIES!
To our stock of
Confectioneries and
Fancy Articles
We invite the attention of Ladies and Strangers
visiting the city.
deed d&wtf GRAY & TODD.

FRUITS, &c.
WE KEEP ON HAND A FULL SUPPLY OF
the following Fruits, Nuts, Preserves, Sauces,
&c., &c.:
ORANGES, LEMONS, FIGS,
APPLES, PEACHES, RAISINS,
CURRANTS, PECANS, ALMONDS,
FILBERTS, PEANUTS, BRAZIL NUTS,
ENGLISH WALNUTS, FRESH FRUIT IN CANS,
PRESERVES, SAUCES, &c.
For sale by deed d&wtf GRAY & TODD.

N. HEFFNER.
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main st., opposite the Farmers' Bank,
FRANKFORT, KY.,

HAS JUST OPENED A HANDSOME
stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, as
choice as is to be found in the New York mar-
ket, which he will make up in the most approved
style. His stock has been purchased exclusively for
cash, and he flatters himself that his prices will sat-
isfy those who may give him a call. Don't forget the
place.
deed d&wtf N. HEFFNER.
Main street, Frankfort, Ky.

CAPITAL COACH WORKS,
Frankfort, Ky.

Shryock & Rea
INFORM THE CITIZENS OF FRANKLIN AND
the surrounding counties that they have estab-
lished themselves permanently in Frankfort, and
keep on hand at their commodious Factory on Ann
street, near Meriwether's Hotel, and manufacture
to order,
CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES,
Fancy Wagons, and Pleasure Vehicles of all descrip-
tions.
PREPARING promptly attended to, and war-
ranted equal to any in the State.
Orders solicited, and work guaranteed to give
satisfaction. deed d&wtf

BOOK BINDERY.
McCARTY & KENDALL, PUBLIC
Binders, are prepared to do all kinds
of Job Work,
Ruling, Binding, and Blank Book
making, in the best city styles, at their Bindery on
Main street, over Major's Book Store.
Books, of all kinds, and all other current and city officers,
are requested to send their orders for Blank Books
and ruled work of all patterns. Orders are solicited
from Bank Officers and Merchants.
THE WORK GUARANTEED
perfect and equal to the best in any of the cities.
Claims upon the State Auditor will be taken
from the Circuit and County Court Clerks for
Books made for them. deed d&wtf

R. C. STEELE,
DEALER IN, AND AGENT FOR THE SALE OF,
KENTUCKY RIVER AND PITTSBURG COAL.
(Office with Tate & Hawkins.)
On Main Street, opposite Capital Hotel,
Frankfort, Kentucky.

ANNOUNCES TO THE CITIZENS OF FRANK-
fort that he is now prepared to furnish Pitts-
burg Coal in any quantities, and will be ready to
supply Kentucky River Coal so soon as navigation
opens. deed d&wtf

W. B. BACON,
Ann St., next door to Noel & Jenkins' Stable,
Frankfort, Kentucky.

IS PREPARED, AT THE SHORT-
est notice, to supply Coffins, Me-
talic Cases, Hearses, Carriages, and everything per-
taining to the UNDERTAKING BUSINESS.
He solicits a share of the public patronage.
deed d&wtf

JOHN WHITEHEAD & CO.,
Broadway, Frankfort, Kentucky.

UPHOLSTERERS AND UNDER-
takers, are prepared to furnish
Metallic Burial Cases and Coffins in any style, at in-
stant notice, at the lowest prices. They are provided
with Handsome Hearses, good horses, and careful
drivers.
They are also prepared to do all sorts of Carpenter-
ing, Cabinet-making, Painting and Glazing, at short
notice, and in the best style. deed d&wtf

J. C. TERFLOTH.....ADAM KAIR,
JOHN C. TERFLOTH & CO.,
Importers of
WINES, BRANDIES, CIGARS, &c.,
and dealers in
BOURBON & MONONGAHELA WHISKY,
No. 138 Wall Street, LOUISVILLE, Ky.,
deed d&wtf

LOOK HERE!!
AT
DR. MILLS' DRUG STORE,
MAIN ST., FRANKFORT, KY.,
IS THE PLACE WHERE THE PUBLIC WILL
always find a full assortment of
PURE AND GENUINE MEDICINES.
FANCY ARTICLES AND PERFUMERY.
FINE TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
N. B.
Special attention given to prescriptions.
deed d&wtf

W. H. AVERILL,
DRUGGIST,
Main Street,
Frankfort, Kentucky.

OFFERS, ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS,
Drugs & Medicines, Fresh and Pure;
Fancy & Toilet Articles, Rich and Rare;
Foreign and Domestic Cigars;
Virginia, Kentucky, & Missouri Tobacco;
Musical Instruments
And Musical Merchandise;
Coal Oil, Lamps and Fixtures.
Orders for Sheet Music promptly attended to.
deed d&wtf

LOUIS WEITZEL,
ST. CLAIR ST., FRANKFORT, KY.,
INVITES PUBLIC ATTENTION TO HIS FULL
and Elegant stock of
Confectionery,
Fancy Articles, Toys, Fruits, Preserves, Pick-
les, Fine Groceries, Cigars, &c., &c.
He is prepared to fill all orders for
BALL SUPPERS, WEDDING PARTIES AND
PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENTS,
Elegantly and promptly, on the most liberal terms.
deed d&wtf

L. TOBIN,
FAMILY GROCER AND LIQUOR DEALER,
Ann Street, Frankfort, Ky.,
Next Door to the Market-House.

HAS A NEW AND CHOICE STOCK OF FAMI-
ly Groceries of all descriptions, of which he
solicits an inspection.
LIQUORS, TOBACCO AND CIGARS,
Of the choicest brands, constantly on hand and for
sale.
Eight year old Bourbon Whisky, the best in
the Country, for sale by the bottle.
deed d&wtf

J. M. GRAY,
Dental Surgeon,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON MAIN STREET,
deed d&wtf Frankfort, Ky.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.....E. L. VANWINKLE.
BRAMLETTE & VANWINKLE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
WILL PRACTICE IN THE COURT OF AP-
peals and Federal Courts held in Kentucky.
Office in Mansion House, nearly opposite
Commonwealth Printing Office.
deed d&wtf

E. L. & J. S. VANWINKLE,
Will practice in the Franklin, Anderson, Boyle,
and adjacent Circuit Courts.
Offices—Frankfort and Danville. deed d&wtf

S. I. M. MAJOR,
Main Street, Frankfort, Kentucky,
HAS, AND KEEPS CONSTANTLY
Fine Fur Hats for men and boys;
Fine Velvet Hats for men and boys;
Fine Cloth Hats for men and boys;
Fine Fur Caps for men and boys;
Fine Velvet Caps for men and boys;
Fine Cloth Caps for men and boys;
Fine Petersham Caps for men and boys;
Wool Hats of all styles, from 75 cents to \$3;
Cheap Caps;
Ladies' Kid Boots;
Ladies' Kid Balmoral Shoes;
Ladies' Kid Gaiters;
Ladies' Kid Balmoral Gaiters;
Ladies' Kid Slippers;
Ladies' Lasting Congress Gaiters;
Ladies' Lasting Side-Lace Gaiters;
Ladies' Lasting Balmoral Gaiters;
Ladies' Lasting Slippers;
Ladies' Polish Boots, Glove Kid, Flannel lined;
Goat, Morocco, Calf Skin, and Kip Shoes for
women, in every style and price;
Men's Shoes—Lasting, Kid, Morocco, Calf,
and Kip;
Youths' Shoes—Kid, Morocco, Calf, and Kip;
Misses' Shoes—Kid, Morocco, Calf, and Kip;
Boys' Boots and Shoes;
Men's fine sewed Calf Boots;
Men's fine peared Calf Boots;
Men's grain-leather Boots;
Men's Kip Boots;
Men's Congress Gaiters;
Men's Balmoral shoes;
Men's Calf Shoes;
Men's Calf Brogans;
Men's Kip Balmorals;
Men's Kip Shoes;
Men's Kip Brogans;
Men's Kip Slippers;
Men's Plain Slippers;
Loggers' Knives and Scissors;
Westonholm's Knives and Scissors;
Wade & Butcher's Knives and Razors;
Butler's Knives;
All styles and prices, from 15 cents up.
A large assortment of School and Miscellaneous
Books:
Catholic Prayer Books in various styles of print
and binding;
Episcopal Prayer Books in various styles of print
and binding;
Methodist Hymn Books in various styles of print
and binding;
Baptist Hymn Books in various styles of print
and binding;
Christian Hymn Books in various styles of print
and binding;
Presbyterian Hymn Books in various styles of
print and binding;
Bibles in various styles of print and binding;
Photograph Albums;
A small lot of Gentlemen's fine furnishing goods:
Gloves, Collars, Undershirts, Cotton Socks,
Cravats, Suspenders, Drawers, Woolen Socks.
STATIONERY—
Bill and Account Paper;
Legal Cap Paper;
Foolscap Paper;
Letter Paper;
Commercial Note Paper;
Billet Paper;
Official Envelopes;
Note Envelopes;
Grissold's Gold Pens;
Fairchild's Gold Pens;
Morton's Gold Pens;
Steel Pens in every style;
Encore S. Capier's Black Ink;
Arnold's Black Ink;
Butler's Black Ink;
Ross, Bro's Black Ink;
Blue and Red Inks of best makers;
Adhesive Mucilage;
Pencils and Crayons;
India Rubber Erasers;
Selling Wax, &c., &c.

NOTIONS—
Paint Boxes;
Microscopes;
Stereoscopes;
Mathematical Instruments;
Purses;
Portmonies;
Hair Brushes;
Cloth Brushes;
Tooth Brushes;
Blacking Brushes;
GRADUATED MEN AND BOARDS—
Chess Men and Boards;
Dominoes;
Playing Cards;
Dice and Counters.
FINE FISHING TACKLE—Rods, Lines, Reels,
Hooks, Nets, &c., &c.
AMMUNITION—Best English and American Pow-
der, Caps, Shot and Wads—with all the trap-
pings for a hunt—Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches,
Liquor Flasks, Pocket Drinking Cups, &c., &c.
novel d&wtf

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.
G. & F. SPICKER,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
SHOT GUNS AND RIFLES,
Sporting Apparatus and Gun Materials,
Fishing Tackles, Seines, &c.,
No. 123 Main St.,
CINCINNATI, O.
deed d&wtf

CLOAKS.
DEVOU & COMPANY,
Wholesale Dealers in
MILLINERY GOODS,
CLOAKS AND SHAWLS,
MANUFACTURERS OF CLOAKS & MANTILLAS,
83 & 85 PEARL STREET, (Up Stairs,)
CINCINNATI.
deed d&wtf

M. THOMPSON,
Wholesale and retail Dealer in
Umbrellas, Parasols,
AND
WALKING CANES,
169 Main St., Cincinnati, O.
deed d&wtf

D. MCKENZIE & CO.,
(Successors to W. H. King.)
Wholesale Manufacturers of
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 27 East Pearl St.
CINCINNATI.
THICK BOOTS, MILITARY BOOTS,
Domestic Kip, French Kip,
Domestic Calf and French Calf Boots and Shoes;
sewed and pegged, of every style known to the trade.
deed d&wtf

Shirt Manufactory!
RALPH C. MCCracken,
DEALER IN
Fine Linen & Gents' Furnishing Goods,
No. 9 WEST FOURTH STREET,
(Between Main and Walnut streets, opposite Steeple
with the Golden Hand.)
CINCINNATI, O.
SIGN OF THE MARBLE SHIRT, on Sidewalk.
SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER AND A FIT GUAR-
anteed. Paper Shirt Patterns Cut. deed d&wtf

BART & HICKCOX,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
RICE FANCY GOODS,
&c., &c.,
TOYS,
HOLIDAY PRESENTS, &c.
No. 49 WEST FOURTH STREET,
CINCINNATI, O. deed d&wtf

WILLIAM D. MORGAN,
Importer and Jobber in
SILKS AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
WHITE GOODS, LINENS, EMBROIDERIES,
Hosiery, Furnishing Goods, &c. 101 Pearl
Street, Cincinnati. Represented by B. Mar-
lack. deed d&wtf

WM. H. TICE & BRO.,
(Successors of CONNOR & TICE.)
Wholesale Dealers in
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,
LADIES' AND MISSES' FURS, &c. 69 Pearl
St., four doors east of Vine, CINCINNATI.
deed d&wtf

R. W. BOOTH.....WALDO C. BOOTH.....THOS. COLVILLE.
R. W. BOOTH & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUNS,
S. W. Corner Pearl and Walnut Sts.,
CINCINNATI. deed d&wtf

A. S. BETTS.....R. H. PERRY.....J. P. BETTS.
Late of Betts, Covington, Ky. Late of Betts,
Gateway & Co. Gateway & Co.
BETTS BROS. & CO.
51 PEARL STREET,
DEALERS IN
MEN'S BOYS' & CHILDREN'S HATS & CAPS
Of all Descriptions.
LADIES' AND MISSES'
Braid and Felt Hats,
COMMON AND FINE FURS.
Gents' Buck and Fur Gloves and Collars.
WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF KEN-
tucky merchants to our large stock of the
above goods, and solicit an examination of the
same. deed d&wtf

R. M. POMEROY & CO.,
WHOLESALE BOOT AND SHOE DEALERS,
59 PEARL ST.,
CINCINNATI.
WE NOW KEEP LARGE LINES OF CUS-
tom work manufactured expressly for
KENTUCKY TRADE,
To which we invite the attention of close buyers
throughout the State. deed d&wtf

C. GALLEHER.....T. A. MATTHEWS.....C. NELSON.
Late of Mayville, Of Mayville, Late of Mt.
Ky. Ky. Sterling, Ky.
MERCHANTS' HOTEL
(FORMERLY DENNISON HOUSE.)
FIFTH ST., NEAR MAIN,
CINCINNATI, O.
GALLEHER, NELSON & CO., PROP'RS.
THIS HOUSE HAS BEEN THOROUGHLY RE-
paired, renovated and newly furnished. deed d&wtf

Docket
OF THE
COURT OF APPEALS.

Winter Term, 1865-6.

First Day—December 4th.

1. Commonwealth vs. Smith et al. Barren.
2. Same vs. Bloomer. Henderson.
3. Same vs. Terry. Lyon.
4. Same vs. Bush. Boone.
5. Same vs. Scherman. Boone.
6. Same vs. Planny. Montgomery.
7. Same vs. Wyatt. Gallatin.
8. Same vs. Williams. Nicholas.
9. Same vs. Folie. Hopkins.
10. Same vs. Bassett. Hopkins.
11. Same vs. Davidson et al. Webster.
12. Same vs. Same, No. 2. Webster.
13. Same vs. Watkins. Whitley.
14. Same vs. Graves. Christian.
15. Same vs. Ashlock. Christian.
16. Same vs. Turner. Grant.
17. Same vs. Turner. Madison.
18. Jones vs. Commonwealth. Harrison.
19. Nipp vs. Commonwealth. Greenup.
20. McNay vs. Same. Pendleton.
21. Huggins vs. Same. Franklin.
22. Hickey vs. Same. Franklin.
23. Divine vs. Same. Carter.
24. Shepherd vs. Commonwealth. Ballard.
25. Hobbs vs. Commonwealth. Daviess.
26. Woodruff vs. Commonwealth. Daviess.

Second Day—December 5th.

27. Burkitt vs. McCarty. Bracken.
28. Thomas vs. Halls. Estill.
29. Kelly vs. Kelly. Boone.
30. Quinn vs. Gentry et al. Madison.
31. Ballard, J. D., vs. Crutcher. Madison.
32. Same, J. A., vs. Noland et al. Madison.
33. Wharton vs. McFerran. Lou. Ch'y.

Third Day—December 6th.

33. Righter vs. Forrester. Bourbon.
34. Green vs. Sherrod & Stephens. Metcalfe.
35. Little vs. Daugherty. Morgan.
36. Posey vs. Justices Meade Co. Court.
37. Young's ad'r vs. Overton. Meade.
38. Allen & Johnson vs. Shortridge. McLean.
39. Wall vs. Little. Meade.

Fourth Day—December 7th.

44. Dixon vs. Hancock. Henderson.
45. Houston vs. Dorey. McLean.
46. Buford vs. Dunsmuir & Co. Franklin.
47. Same vs. Same & McVain. Franklin.
48. Steele et al. vs. Capital Hotel Company. Franklin.
49. Robertson vs. Henry. Muhlenburg.
50. Wilson vs. Duncan. Muhlenburg.

Fifth Day—December 8th.

51. Baker vs. Hart. Muhlenburg.
52. McClure vs. Sowder. Rockcastle.
53. Smith vs. Rockcastle Co. Ct. Boone.
54. McNeill vs. McNeill. Laurel.
55. Bates vs. Hughes. Letcher.
56. Rice vs. Rice. Harlan.
57. Radliffe vs. Friend. Johnson.
58. Abell vs. Dupare. Adair.

Sixth Day—December 9th.

58. Powell vs. Martin & Woods. Lou. Ch'y.
59. Miller & Rice vs. Cravens. Adair.
60. Whitehead et al. vs. Chadwell & Carroll.
61. Farris et al. vs. Dunn et al. Garrard.
62. Woodcock et al. vs. Bowman et al. Garrard.
63. Anderson vs. Sutton et al. Garrard.

Seventh Day—December 11th.

64. Hunter et al. vs. Hill et al. Madison.
65. Lockridge vs. Biggs et al. Madison.
66. Trumble vs. Ellison et al. Madison.
67. Parish et al. vs. Hill et al. Madison.
68. Tevis's ex'r vs. Burchen. Madison.
69. Gooch vs. Baxter. Madison.
70. Raine's ad'r vs. Smith. Madison.
71. Branstons vs. Green. Madison.

Eighth Day—December 12th.

72. McNamee vs. Wells. Madison.
73. Hooker et al. vs. Gentry et al. Madison.
74. C. Gentry vs. M. Gentry et al. Madison.
75. Hoskins & Hughes vs. C. Gentry et al. Madison.
76. Moore vs. Worthington. Boyle.
77. Foreman vs. Minor. Boyle.
78. Minor et al. vs. Clarkson. Boyle.
79. Harlan vs. Harlan et al. Boyle.
80. Coffey vs. Platt, Bucklin & Co. Casey.

Ninth Day—December 13th.

81. Murphy vs. Hubble. Lincoln.
82. Harrison & Bennett vs. Bronston. Lincoln.
83. Quinn et al. vs. Moynihan et al. Madison.
84. Brannen's ad'r vs. Kelley. Pulaski.
85. Nulley vs. Zuchery. Pulaski.
86. Taylor vs. Elliott et al. Pulaski.
87. Rothchild vs. Floyd. Pulaski.

Tenth Day—December 14th.

90. Smith's ex'r et al. vs. Smith. Warren.
91. Lou. & Nash, R. Co. vs. Covington. Warren.
92. Dunham vs. Potter & Wilkins. Warren.
93. Winn by g'd'n et al. vs. Lawless & Jones. Warren.
94. Trigg vs. Trustees of Glasgow. Warren.
95. Lowery's vs. Fisher et al. Jessamine.
96. Cull vs. Trimble. Harrison.
97. Hunt vs. Grubb. Butler.

Eleventh Day—December 15th.

97. Bent vs. Miller. Fayette.
98. Watts vs. Pettitt et al. Fayette.
99. Hughes et al. vs. Gray. Fayette.
100. Kimbrough vs. Cason et al. Harrison.
101. Brashers vs. Stowers. Harrison.
102. Cullen vs. Blair et al. Bracken.
103. Maliken vs. Winter. Bracken.

Twelfth Day—December 16th.

104. Denler vs. Fresh et al. Bracken.
105. Oldham vs. Field et al. Bracken.
106. Forber vs. Bassett. Bracken.
107. Schoolfield's ad'r et al. vs. Clayton. Bracken.
108. Aulick et al. vs. Aulicks. Pendleton.
109. Cooper vs. Wheeler. Pendleton.
110. Rodgers vs. Aulick. Pendleton.
111. Berryman vs. Cook. Franklin.

Thirteenth Day—December 18th.

111. Potts vs. Bowler's ad'r et al. Kenton.
112. Thompson et al. vs. Belknap. Kenton.
113. Same vs. Warbenton's ex'ors. Kenton.
114. Arnold vs. Powell's ad'r. Kenton.
115. Hancock vs. Brand et al. Campbell.
116. Maphet vs. Powell & Gallar. Campbell.
117. Long vs. Bennett. Campbell.
118. Greer et al. vs. Powell et al. Campbell.
119. Turley's ex'r vs. Johnson. Gallatin.

Fourteenth Day—December 19th.

119. Stewart vs. Barclay. Lou. Ch'y.
120. Adams Express Company vs. McDonald. Lou. Ch'y.
121. Her et al. vs. Augustus et ux. Lou. Ch'y.
122. Seimery & McVay vs. Obst & Raper. Lou. Ch'y.
123. McCrea et al. vs. Linder et al. Fulton.
124. Barber vs. Bland et al. Lou. Ch'y.
125. Robinson vs. Same. Lou. Ch'y.
126. Kirby vs. Coons & Reynolds. Jefferson Ct. of Com. Pleas.

Fifteenth Day—December 20th.

127. Page vs. Slaughter. Lou. Ch'y.
128. Martin, Cobb & Co. vs. Curd's ad'r. Lou. Ch'y.
129. Ricketts & Co. vs. Same. Lou. Ch'y.
130. Goodman et ux. vs. Niles. Lou. Ch'y.
131. Richardson vs. Barrett et al. Hart.
132. North vs. Haggins' ad'r et al. Lou. Ch'y.
133. McGill vs. Gorman et al. Lou. Ch'y.

Sixteenth Day—December 21st.

134. Featherback vs. Strauss. Lou. Ch'y.
135. Shafer vs. Lampton. Lou. Ch'y.
136. Dunning vs. Nash, R. Co. Lou. Ch'y.
137. Ford vs. Trabee et al. Lou. Ch'y.
138. Rife et al. vs. Shields et al. Lou. Ch'y.
139. Dugan vs. Phillips et al. Lou. Ch'y.
140. Brown et al. vs. Chittie & Co. Jefferson Court of Common Pleas.

SEVENTEENTH DAY—December 22d.

141. Wilson vs. Lou. City, Jefferson Court of Common Pleas.
142. Rogers vs. Bowling's heirs by g'd'n, Jefferson Court of Common Pleas.
143. Julian & Co. vs. Pilcher, Jefferson Court of Common Pleas.
144. Santheimer vs. Keck. Jefferson.
145. Reichart vs. Ulrich. "
146. Smith vs. Smith's ad'r. "
147. Butler vs. Knott & Durham. "

EIGHTEENTH DAY—December 23d.

148. Huti vs. Fillian. Jefferson.
149. Hazlerigg vs. Brenton's ad'r. Fleming.
150. Anderson vs. Rogers & Clark. "
151. Walbridge vs. Doyle et al. "
152. Bk. of Phila. vs. Rice et al. "
153. Lander vs. Lander. "
154. Payne vs. Munger. Nicholas.
155. Montgomery vs. Benedict. Lincoln.
156. Hill et al. vs. Jackson. "
157. Page's ad'r vs. Page. Adair.
158. Miller vs. Miller's ad'r. "
159. Litter's ad'r vs. Glen et al. Boone.
160. Hume et ux. vs. Connelly et al. "
161. McManama vs. Grimsley's ad'r. "

Twentieth Day—December 27th.

162. Bowman vs. Smith. Breathitt.
163. Roark et al. vs. Back et al. "
164. Sherrod, Baker & Co. vs. Marcum. "
165. Perkins vs. Smith & Satterfield. Russell.
166. Ingram vs. Plummer. Rowan.
167. Jarvis vs. Stix & Co. Campbell.

Twenty-first Day—December 28th.

168. Collins vs. Craig et al. Grant.
169. Drasdale vs. Lyon et ux. "
170. Lucas et al. vs. Temple & Barker. "
171. Marquis vs. MaManama et al. "
172. McClure vs. Green. "
173. Thomas's ad'r vs. O'Hara's ex'r. "
174. Northcutt vs. Strim. "

Twenty-second Day—December 29th.

175. Gordon vs. Craddock et al. Hart.
176. Hancock et al. vs. Payne & Dixon. Owen.
177. Wiley vs. Wiley. "
178. Farmers' Bank of Ky. et al. vs. Younger & Mitchell. "
179. Thomas vs. Hemdon's ex'r. "
180. Neill vs. Jus. Cum. Co. Ct. Cumberland.

Twenty-third Day—December 30th.

181. Glenn vs. McMeekin. Scott.
182. Penn's ad'r vs. Berry et ux. "
183. Betts et al. vs. Thompson et al. "
184. Deloney vs. Sandford. "
185. Cantrill vs. Sinclair. "
186. Same vs. Smith. "
187. Hall vs. Hiles. "

Twenty-fourth Day—January 2d.

187. Glenn vs. Snook et al. Shelby.
188. Bohannon et al. vs. Shannon et al. "
189. Roberts & Baird vs. Elliott. "
190. Henry vs. Graves. "
191. Chowning vs. O'Brien's ad'r. Trimble.
192. King's ad'r vs. Snyder. "
193. Webb & Co. vs. Spilman. Trimble.
194. Hanton vs. Duncan et al. Union.
195. Givens vs. Kendall & McCan. "
196. Gwynn vs. Hancock et al. "
197. Hays et al. vs. Hughes et al. "
198. Owens vs. Alcorn. Wayne.

Twenty-fifth Day—January 4th.

199. Bakrow vs. Frankel. Lou. Ch'y.
200. M. Lancashire vs. Quigley's ex'r. McCracken.
201. W. Lancashire vs. Same. "
202. Beeler vs. King. "
203. Brigham et al. vs. J. & J. J. Grief. "
204. Same vs. John Grief. "
205. Dale, Ross & Withers vs. Bowens et al. Fulton.
206. Stevens vs. Winston. "
207. Johnson vs. Bk. of Ky. et al. Franklin.
208. Ruby vs. Grace. Graves.
209. McIlroy vs. Anderson's heirs. "
210. Eaker, Bowman & Co. vs. Hunt et al. "
211. Story et al. vs. Kelsa & Cook. "

Twenty-sixth Day—January 6th.

212. Pea vs. Minter. Graves.
213. Ross vs. Wolfe & Bro. "
214. Johnson et al. vs. Thwaitt & Jones. Marshall.
215. Daniel & Scott vs. Southern Bank of Kentucky. "
216. Bradley vs. Collins et al. Hickman.
217. Garvin vs. Mobley. "
218. Moore vs. Norton & Bro. "

Twenty-seventh Day—January 8th.

219. Cate et al. vs. Ross. Ballard.
220. Bell et al. vs. Lou. & Nash, R. Co. Lou. Ch'y.
221. Saudige vs. Kurtz. Lou. Ch'y.
222. Phillips vs. Sullivan's ad'r. "
223. Gray's ad'r vs. Clarkson's ex'r. Meade.
224. Phillips et al. vs. Ditto's ad'r. "
225. Griswold vs. Peckinpaugh. "
226. Arnold's ex'r vs. Warren & Mitchell. Ballitt.
227. Bright vs. Sandford et al. Franklin.

Twenty-eighth Day—January 9th.

227. Wilde, Jr., & Co. vs. Haycraft et al. Hardin.
228. Shean et al. vs. Ditto's ad'r. "
229. Same vs. Fletcher. "
230. Same vs. Geoghagan. "
231. Myers et al. vs. Roundtree et al. Hart.
232. Thurman et ux. vs. Thomas. Larue.
233. Beeler vs. Wright. "

Twenty-ninth Day—January 10th.

234. Green's ex'r vs. Maitland et al. Breckinridge.
235. Long vs. Payne. Daviess.
236. Petrie vs. McCreery. "
237. Brown & Lemon vs. Wells. "
238. Head vs. Daniel. "
239. Barclay vs. McKernon. "
240. McKinnel vs. Daniel. "
241. Yewell et al. vs. Bradshaw. "

Thirtieth Day—January 11th.

242. Burks vs. Claybrook. Daviess.]
243. Beckley vs. Davidson. "
244. Locke et al. vs. Miller. "
245. Same vs. Gray. "
246. Same vs. Mitchell. "
247. Same vs. Same, No. 2. "
248. Same vs. Clements. "
249. Same vs. Heffernan. "
250. Same vs. Hardesty. "

Thirty-first Day—January 12th.

251. Shrader et al. vs. Mitchell. Daviess.
252. Tuford vs. Hazlerigg's ad'r. "
253. White vs. Lock. Carter.
254. Holmes & Co. vs. Garfield & Cassidy. Powell.
255. Ewing vs. Clay. Bourbon.
256. Meade vs. Neill. "
257. Rankin vs. Turner. "

Thirty-second Day—January 13th.

258. Combs vs. Beatty's Commit. "
259. Wilson vs. Mason's heirs. Montgomery.
260. Manier vs. Lindsey. "
261. Howard vs. Adams. "
262. Boyd vs. Preston. Lewis.
263. McKrell vs. Metcalfe. Mason.
264. Power & Spalding vs. Cooper. "
265. Stephens' heirs vs. Boswell, Graves. "

Thirty-third Day—January 15th.

265. Humphreys vs. Walton & Frazer. Mason.
266. Hall vs. Bassett et al. "
267. Turner et ux. vs. Vanbiber & Greenup. "
268. White vs. Seaton et al. "
269. Hans vs. Wilson. "
270. Dugan vs. Phillips et al. "
271. Vallance vs. Barr, McGraw & Co. "

Thirty-fourth Day—January 16th.

272. Gilkey vs. McMullin. Greenup.
273. Jones vs. Gamon's heirs. "
274. Tribble vs. Hughes' heirs. "
275. Porter et al. vs. Botts. Bath.
276. Lane et al. vs. Berry. "
277. Perry et al. vs. Perry. "
278. Trumbo vs. Snedegar. "

Thirty-fifth Day—January 17th.

280. Dawson & Jones vs. Weatherston. Calloway.
281. Mar. Co. Justices vs. Call. Co. Justices. "
282. Jordan vs. Williams. Anderson.
283. Witherspoon vs. Far. Bank of Ky. "
284. McGoheen vs. White et al. "
285. Saffell vs. Butts. "

Thirty-sixth Day—January 18th.

286. Marshall vs. Penick. Taylor.
287. Swan's heirs vs. Goodrum et al. Marion.
288. Child's ex'r vs. Carmel. Todd.
289. Jackson vs. Speed. Nelson.
290. Phillips et al. vs. Stiles et al. "
291. Talbot vs. Wilson. "
292. Stone vs. Glasscock. "

Thirty-seventh Day—January 19th.

293. Peter & Hardin vs. Ferrell. Washington.
294. Piney vs. Piney et al. "
295. Farris vs. Yocum. "
296. Farris's ad'r vs. Farris's heirs et al. "
297. Mitchell's ad'r vs. Mitchell et al. "
298. Baker vs. Steinbergen. "
299. Graham vs. Riley. "

Fortieth Day—January 20th.

300. Coy vs. Coy's heirs. Madison.
301. Alexander's ad'r vs. Smith's ex'r. Mercer.
302. Riley's ex'r vs. Sharpe. "
303. Hamilton & Poor vs. Lightfoot. "
304. Randall vs. Trester. "
305. DeBaum vs. Davis. "
306. Woods vs. Crawford. "

Forty-first Day—January 22d.

307. Wilson vs. Kilbren. Christian.
308. Chris. Co. Ct. vs. Sharpe. "
309. Carter vs. Reynolds. "
310. Fatman et al. vs. Brown. "
311. Campbell vs. Anderson's ad'r. "
312. Montgomery vs. West. "
313. Stevens vs. Brooks. Franklin.

Forty-second Day—January 23d.

313. Scott & Kilbren vs. Wilson. Christian.
314. Sherrod & Johnson vs. Murphy. "
315. Pettit's ad'r and heirs vs. Johnson's ad'r and heirs. Caldwell.
316. Cantrell et al. vs. Pettit. "
317. Kevell et al. vs. Kevell. "
318. Inskip, McKee & Price vs. Baker's ad'r et al. "
319. Gracy & Co. vs. Cron. "

Forty-third Day—January 24th.

320. Ovechy vs. Perryman. Caldwell.
321. Freer vs. Chandler. Lyon.
322. Henry & Yeiser vs. Hevey. "
323. Clay et al. vs. Clay. Fayette.
324. Farney vs. Bean. Clarke.
325. Dykes et ux. vs. Epperson. "
326. Hemdon vs. Woodward et al. Clarke.
327. Shanks vs. Rowan's receiver. Ohio.
328. Watts et al. vs. Whittington's ex'r. Woodford.
329. Martin, Robert & Co. vs. Sawen's ad'r. "
330. Roberts vs. Same. "
331. Ellis vs. Carr, g'd'n et al. Henry.
332. Shouse et al. vs. Graves. "

Forty-fourth Day—January 25th.

333. Thornton vs. Allen & Lockett. Henderson.
334. Thornton vs. Beverly. "
335. Hart vs. Howell, Smith & Co. "
336. McBride vs. McBride. "
337. Burbank et al. vs. Barrett. "
338. Letcher vs. Ingram. "
339. Trice vs. Russell. Hopkins.
340. Wells vs. Watkins. Livingston.
341. Haskin's ad'r vs. Burke. "
342. Alsbrook vs. Ramey. "
343. Joiner vs. Swinford. "
344. Canaby, by g'd'n, vs. Thompson. Webster.
345. Montague vs. Garnett. Owen.
346. Covin, City vs. Cov. Gas Light Co. Kenton.

Forty-fifth Day—January 26th.

339. Trice vs. Russell. Hopkins.
340. Wells vs. Watkins. Livingston.
341. Haskin's ad'r vs. Burke. "
342. Alsbrook vs. Ramey. "
343. Joiner vs. Swinford. "
344. Canaby, by g'd'n, vs. Thompson. Webster.
345. Montague vs. Garnett. Owen.
346. Covin, City vs. Cov. Gas Light Co. Kenton.

Forty-sixth Day—January 27th.

339. Trice vs. Russell. Hopkins.
340. Wells vs. Watkins. Livingston.
341. Haskin's ad'r vs. Burke. "
342. Alsbrook vs. Ramey. "
343. Joiner vs. Swinford. "
344. Canaby, by g'd'n, vs. Thompson. Webster.
345. Montague vs. Garnett. Owen.
346. Covin, City vs. Cov. Gas Light Co. Kenton.

Forty-seventh Day—January 28th.

350. Gossom vs. McFerran. Lou. Ch'y.
351. Head & Nash, R. Co. vs. Moss. Henderson.
352. Robinson's ad'r vs. Hicks et al. "
353. Graham & Payton vs. Jenkins, Henderson.
354. Same vs. Jenkins & Ladd. "
355. Hall vs. Light, Barret & Co. Hickman.
356. U. G. Berry vs. Southern Bk. of Kentucky. Livingston.
357. L. Berry vs. Same. "

Forty-eighth Day—January 30th.

358. Howie vs. Temple, Barker & Co. Fleming.
359. Magowan vs. Same. "
360. Smith vs. Same. "
361. Strode et al. vs. Magowan's heirs. Fleming.
362. Temple, Barker & Co. vs. Poyntz. "
363. Same vs. Smith. "
364. Temple, Barker & Co. vs. Pierce, Tolle & Co. Fleming.
365. Lee's ex'r vs. Graham et al. Mason.
366. Scott & Wurts vs. Bryan & Grubb. Greenup.
367. McCallister vs. Beattie et ux. Lou. Ch'y.
368. Gregory vs. Trabee. Lou. Ch'y.
369. Lavall vs. Stauss. "

Forty-ninth Day—February 1st.

370. Lou. & P. R. Co. vs. Lou. City Railway Co. Lou. Ch'y.
371. Smith vs. Robinson. Lou. Ch'y.
372. Same vs. Cope & Co. "

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY—January 16th.

272. Gilkey vs. McMullin. Greenup.
273. Jones vs. Gamon's heirs. "
274. Tribble vs. Hughes' heirs. "
275. Porter et al. vs. Botts. Bath.
276. Lane et al. vs. Berry. "
277. Perry et al. vs. Perry. "
278. Trumbo vs. Snedegar. "

THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY—January 17th.

280. Dawson & Jones vs. Weatherston. Calloway.
281. Mar. Co. Justices vs. Call. Co. Justices. "
282. Jordan vs. Williams. Anderson.
283. Witherspoon vs. Far. Bank of Ky. "
284. McGoheen vs. White et al. "
285. Saffell vs. Butts. "

THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY—January 18th.

286. Marshall vs. Penick. Taylor.
287. Swan's heirs vs. Goodrum et al. Marion.
288. Child's ex'r vs. Carmel. Todd.
289. Jackson vs. Speed. Nelson.
290. Phillips et al. vs. Stiles et al. "
291. Talbot vs. Wilson. "
292. Stone vs. Glasscock. "

THIRTY-NINTH DAY—January 19th.

293. Peter & Hardin vs. Ferrell. Washington.
294. Piney vs. Piney et al. "
295. Farris vs. Yocum. "
296. Farris's ad'r vs. Farris's heirs et al. "
297. Mitchell's ad'r vs. Mitchell et al. "
298. Baker vs. Steinbergen. "
299. Graham vs. Riley. "

Fortieth Day—January 20th.

300. Coy vs. Coy's heirs. Madison.
301. Alexander's ad'r vs. Smith's ex'r. Mercer.
302. Riley's ex'r vs. Sharpe. "
303. Hamilton & Poor vs. Lightfoot. "
304. Randall vs. Trester. "
305. DeBaum vs. Davis. "
306. Woods vs. Crawford. "

Forty-first Day—January 22d.

307. Wilson vs. Kilbren. Christian.
308. Chris. Co. Ct. vs. Sharpe. "
309. Carter vs. Reynolds. "
310. Fatman et al. vs. Brown. "
311. Campbell vs. Anderson's ad'r. "
312. Montgomery vs. West. "
313. Stevens vs. Brooks. Franklin.

Forty-second Day—January 23d.

313. Scott & Kilbren vs. Wilson. Christian.
314. Sherrod & Johnson vs. Murphy. "
315. Pettit's ad'r and heirs vs. Johnson's ad'r and heirs. Caldwell.
316. Cantrell et al. vs. Pettit. "
317. Kevell et al. vs. Kevell. "
318. Inskip, McKee & Price vs. Baker's ad'r et al. "
319. Gracy & Co. vs. Cron. "

Forty-third Day—January 24th.

320. Ovechy vs. Perryman